#### **UNITED STATES**

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-Q**

QUARTERLY REPO	ORT PURSUANT TO SE	CTION 13 OR 15(d) OF	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
			0, 2025
		CTION 13 OR 15(d) OF	THE
sition period from	to		
n file number:	0-	10394	
	_		
			91-0864123 ployer Identification No.)
6645	425-8	81-6444	. 98052
	Securities registered pursu	ant to Section 12(b) of the A	ct:
of each class mmon Stock	Trading Symbol(s) DAIO	Name of each exchang NASE	_
ng the preceding 12 mo such filing requirement c mark whether the reg	onths (or for such shorter post for the past 90 days. istrant has submitted elect	eriod that the registrant was ronically every Interactive Da	s required to file such reports), and (2) has Yes
submit such files).			Yes 🖂 No 🗌
emerging growth competed filer defiler defiler defiler defined growth company, indicating new or revised fina	npany. See the definition pany" in Rule 12b-2 of the E state by check mark if the incial accounting standards	s of "large accelerated filer xchange Act. S E registrant has elected not to provided pursuant to Section	Accelerated filer", "smaller reporting Accelerated filer   Smaller reporting company   Smaller reporting   Smaller reporting   Smaller reporting   Accelerated filer", "smaller reporting   Smaller reporting   Smaller reporting   Accelerated filer", "smaller reporting   Accelerated filer", "smaller reporting   Smaller reporting   Accelerated filer", "smaller reporting   Accelerated filer   Accelerate
	TRANSITION REPOSECURITIES EXCHISITION period from In file number:  Washingtother jurisdiction of incompany of each class namon Stock  Transition period from Infile number:  Washingtother jurisdiction of incompany incompany indicated filer Infile prowth company indicated filer Infile prowth company indicated filer Infile prowth company, indicated file prowth co	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 sition period from	For the quarterly period ended September 3 Or  TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 Sition period from

Shares of Common Stock, no par value, outstanding as of October 31, 2025: 9,391,883

#### DATA I/O CORPORATION

#### FORM 10-Q

#### For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2025

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#### **PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

#### <u>Item 1.</u> <u>Financial Statements</u>

# DATA I/O CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except share data) (UNAUDITED)

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$9,664	\$10,326
Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for		
credit losses of \$29 and \$22, respectively	3,368	3,960
Inventories	5,800	6,212
Other current assets	661	659
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	19,493	21,157
Property, plant and equipment – net	925	1,001
Other assets	2,276	2,812
TOTAL ASSETS	\$22,694	\$24,970
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$1,437	\$820
Accrued compensation	924	1,517
Deferred revenue	1,358	1,535
Other accrued liabilities	1,340	1,161
Income taxes payable	12	39
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	5,071	5,072
Operating lease liabilities	1,579	2,160
Long-term other payables	34	112
COMMITMENTS	-	-
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock -		
Authorized, 5,000,000 shares, including		
200,000 shares of Series A Junior Participating		
Issued and outstanding, none	-	-
Common stock, at stated value - Authorized, 30,000,000 shares		
Issued and outstanding, 9,390,730 shares as of September 30,		
2025 and 9,236,040 shares as of December 31, 2024	23,907	23,475
Accumulated deficit	(8,224)	(5,738)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	327	(111)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	16,010	17,626
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$22,694	\$24,970
See notes to consolidated financial statements		
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# DATA I/O CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (in thousands, except per share amounts) (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	Septemb	nber 30, September 30		per 30,
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net sales	\$5,393	\$5,423	\$17,516	\$16,584
Cost of goods sold	2,659	2,499	8,634	7,684
Gross margin	2,734	2,924	8,882	8,900
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	1,709	1,544	4,886	4,539
Selling, general and administrative	2,418	1,705	6,609	6,112
Total operating expenses	4,127	3,249	11,495	10,651
Operating income (loss)	(1,393)	(325)	(2,613)	(1,751)
Non-operating income (loss):				
Interest income	34	71	107	224
Foreign currency transaction gain (loss)	(3)	(53)	22	9
Total non-operating income (loss)	31_	18	129	233
Income (loss) before income taxes	(1,362)	(307)	(2,484)	(1,518)
Income tax (expense) benefit			(2)	(393)
Net income (loss)	(\$1,362)	(\$307)	(\$2,486)	(\$1,911)
Basic earnings (loss) per share	(\$0.15)	(\$0.03)	(\$0.27)	(\$0.21)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	(\$0.15)	(\$0.03)	(\$0.27)	(\$0.21)
Weighted-average basic shares	9,389	9,235	9,308	9,121
Weighted average busic shares  Weighted-average diluted shares	9,389	9,235	9,308	9,121
Treibures areinbe anatea mates	3,333	3,233	3,300	3,121

See notes to consolidated financial statements

### DATA I/O CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (in thousands, except share amounts) (UNAUDITED)

	_			Accumulated	
	Commoi	n Stock	Accumulated	and Other Comprehensive	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Deficit	Income (Loss)	Equity
Balance at December 31, 2023	9,020,819	\$22,731	(\$2,645)	\$233	\$20,319
Stock awards issued, net of tax withholding	1,759	-	-	-	-
Issuance of stock through: ESPP	2,381	7	-	-	7
Share-based compensation	-	281	-	-	281
Net income (loss)	-	-	(807)	-	(807)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	- -	(168)	(168)
Balance at March 31, 2024	9,024,959	23,019	(3,452)	65	19,632
Stock awards issued, net of tax withholding	194,879	(229)	-	-	(229)
Issuance of stock through: ESPP	· -	-	-	-	-
Share-based compensation	-	382	-	-	382
Net income (loss)	-	-	(797)	-	(797)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	(70)	(70)
Balance at June 30, 2024	9,219,838	23,172	(4,249)	(5)	18,918
Stock awards issued, net of tax withholding	13,543	,	, ,	. ,	-
Issuance of stock through: ESPP	2,638	6			6
Share-based compensation	,	304			304
Net income (loss)			(307)	-	(307)
Other comprehensive income (loss)			, ,	268	268
Balance at September 30, 2024	9,236,019	\$23,482	(\$4,556)	\$263	\$19,189
Balance at December 31, 2024	9,236,040	\$23,475	(\$5,738)	(\$111)	\$17,626
Stock awards issued, net of tax withholding	1,759	(3)	-	-	(3)
Issuance of stock through: ESPP	1,932	6	-	-	6
Share-based compensation	-	174	-	-	174
Net income (loss)	-	-	(382)	-	(382)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	- -	126	126
Balance at March 31, 2025	9,239,731	23,652	(6,120)	15	17,547
Stock awards issued, net of tax withholding	134,967	(98)	-	-	(98)
Issuance of stock through: ESPP	-	-	-	-	-
Share-based compensation	-	250	-	-	250
Net income (loss)	-	-	(742)	-	(742)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	289	289
Balance at June 30, 2025	9,374,698	23,804	(6,862)	304	17,246
Stock awards issued, net of tax withholding	13,714	(19)			(19)
Issuance of stock through: ESPP	2,318	7			7
Share-based compensation		115			115
Net income (loss)			(1,362)		(1,362)
Other comprehensive income (loss)				23	23
Balance at September 30, 2025	9,390,730	\$23,907	(\$8,224)	\$327	\$16,010
See notes to consolidated financial statements			<u> </u>		

# DATA I/O CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (in thousands) (UNAUDITED)

		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive income (loss):	(\$1,362)	(\$307)	(\$2,486)	(\$1,911)	
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	23	268	327	30	
Comprehensive income (loss)	(\$1,339)	(\$39)	(\$2,159)	(\$1,881)	

See notes to consolidated financial statements

### DATA I/O CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands) (UNAUDITED)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025 2024 **CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:** (\$2,486)Net income (loss) (\$1,911) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 369 451 Equipment transferred to cost of goods sold 259 59 Share-based compensation 539 967 Net change in: Trade accounts receivable 681 3,119 Inventories 471 (704)Other current assets 7 140 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 125 (1,582)Deferred revenue (336)(68)Other long-term liabilities (581)184 Deposits and other long-term assets (300)576 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (576)555 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchases of property, plant and equipment (352)(279)Cash provided by (used in) investing activities (352)(279)**CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:** Net proceeds from issuance of common stock, less payments for shares withheld to cover tax (107)(216)Cash provided by (used in) financing activities (107)(216)Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 60 (1,035)Effects of exchange rate changes on cash 373 (29)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 10,326 12,341 \$9,664 \$12,372 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Cash paid during the period for: \$9 \$458 Income taxes

See notes to consolidated financial statements

### DATA I/O CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Data I/O Corporation ("Data I/O", "We", "Our", "Us") is the leading global provider of advanced security and data deployment solutions for microcontrollers, security ICs and memory devices. Customers for our programming system products are located around the world, primarily in Asia, Europe and the Americas. Our manufacturing operations are currently located in Redmond, Washington, United States and Shanghai, China.

We prepared the financial statements as of September 30, 2025, and September 30, 2024, according to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). These statements are unaudited but, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments and accruals) necessary to present fairly the results for the periods presented. The balance sheet at December 31, 2024, has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date. We have condensed or omitted certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America according to such SEC rules and regulations. Operating results for the nine months ended September 30, 2025, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2025.

#### **Significant Accounting Policies**

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual audited financial statements and the accompanying notes included in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 (filed with the SEC on April 1, 2025). There have been no changes to our significant accounting policies described in the Annual Report that have had a material impact on our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (ASC 606) provides a single, principles-based, five-step model to be applied to all contracts with customers. It generally provides for the recognition of revenue in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled, net of allowances for estimated returns, discounts or sales incentives, as well as taxes collected from customers when control over the promised goods or services are transferred to the customer.

We expense contract acquisition costs, primarily sales commissions, for contracts with terms of one year or less and will capitalize and amortize incremental costs with terms that exceed one year. During the current and prior period quarters, the impact of capitalization of incremental costs for obtaining contracts were immaterial. We exclude sales, use, value added, some excise taxes and other similar taxes from the measurement of the transaction price.

We recognize revenue upon transfer of control of the promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services. We have determined that our programming equipment has reached a point of maturity and stability such that product acceptance can be assured by testing at the factory prior to shipment and that the installation meets the criteria to be a separate performance obligation. These systems are standard products with published product specifications and are configurable with standard options. The evidence that these systems could be deemed as accepted was based upon having standardized factory production of the units, results from batteries of tests of product performance to our published specifications, quality inspections and installation standardization, as well as past product operation validation with the customer and the history provided by our installed base of products upon which the current versions were based.

The revenue related to products requiring installation that is perfunctory is recognized upon transfer of control of the product to customers, which generally is at the time of shipment. Installation that is considered perfunctory includes any installation that is expected to be performed by other parties, such as distributors, other vendors, or the customers themselves. This analysis considers the complexity, skill and training needed and customer installation expectations.

We enter into arrangements with multiple performance obligations that arise during the sale of a system that could include hardware, software, installation, services and support and extended maintenance components. We allocate the transaction price of each element based on the relative selling prices. Relative selling price is based on the selling price of the standalone system. For the installation and service and support performance obligations, we use the value of the discount given to distributors who perform these components. For software maintenance performance obligations, we use what we charge for annual software maintenance renewals after the initial year the system is sold. Revenue is recognized on the system based on shipping terms, software based on delivery, installation and services based on completion of work, and software maintenance and extended warranty support ratably over the term of the agreement, typically one year. Total deferred revenue, which represents undelivered performance obligations for installation, service, support and extended contracts, was \$1.4 million and \$1.5 million for September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The portion expected to be recognized within one year was \$1.4 million and \$1.3 million for September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

When we license software separately, we recognize revenue upon the transfer of control of the software, which is generally upon shipment, provided that only inconsequential performance obligations remain on our part and substantive acceptance conditions, if any, have been met.

We recognize revenue when there is an approved contract that both parties are committed to perform, both parties' rights have been identified, the contract has substance, collection of substantially all the consideration is probable, the transaction price has been determined and allocated over the performance obligations, the performance obligations including substantive acceptance conditions, if any, in the contract have been met, the obligation is not contingent on resale of the product, the buyer's obligation would not be changed in the event of theft, physical destruction or damage to the product, the buyer acquiring the product for resale has economic substance apart from us and we do not have significant obligations for future performance to directly bring about the resale of the product by the buyer. We establish a reserve for sales returns based on historical trends in product returns and estimates for new items. Payment terms are generally 30 to 60 days from shipment.

We transfer certain products out of service from their internal use and make them available for sale. The products transferred are typically our standard products in one of the following areas: service loaners, rental or test units; engineering test units; or sales demonstration equipment. Once transferred, the equipment is sold by our regular sales channels as used equipment inventory. These product units often involve refurbishing and are sold in our normal and ordinary course of business with standard warranty coverage. The transfer amount is the product unit's net book value, and the sale transaction is accounted for as revenue and cost of goods sold.

The following table represents our revenues by major categories:

	Three Mor	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	September	September	September	September		
	30,	30,	30,	30,		
Net sales by type	2025	2024	2025	2024		
(in thousands)				'		
Equipment	\$2,774	\$2,509	\$9,087	\$8,228		
Adapter	1,750	2,005	6,044	5,667		
Software and						
Maintenance	869	909	2,385	2,689		
Total	\$5,393	\$5,423	\$17,516	\$16,584		

#### **Share-Based Compensation**

All share-based compensation awards are measured based on estimated fair values on the date of grant and recognized as compensation expense on the straight-line method. Our share-based compensation is reduced for estimated forfeitures at the time of grant and revised as necessary in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates.

#### Income Tax

Income taxes for U.S. and foreign subsidiary operations are computed at current enacted tax rates, less tax credits using the asset and liability method. Deferred taxes are adjusted both for items that do not have tax consequences and for the cumulative effect of any changes in tax rates from those previously used to determine deferred tax assets or liabilities. Tax provisions include amounts that are currently payable, changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities that arise because of temporary differences between the timing of when items of income and expense are recognized for financial reporting and income tax purposes, and any changes in the valuation allowance caused by a change in judgment about the realization of the related deferred tax assets. A valuation allowance is established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to amounts expected to be realized.

On July 4, 2025, the One Big Beautiful Bill Act ("OB3") was enacted, which includes provisions allowing for the immediate expensing of domestic research and experimental ("R&E") expenditures under Section 174A, effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2021. The Company has elected not to accelerate the amortization of unamortized R&E costs incurred in prior years. As a result, no discrete tax adjustment was recorded in Q3 2025, and the Company continues to amortize R&E expenditures over the five-year period as previously required under Section 174. However, the Company will continue to evaluate the impact of OB3 on future periods.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements – Standards Issued and Not Yet Implemented

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09 "Income Taxes (Topics 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures" which expands the disclosure requirements for income taxes, specifically related to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid. ASU 2023-09 is effective for the Company's annual periods beginning January 1, 2025, and will apply on a prospective basis starting with the Company's consolidated financial statements included in the annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2025. Retrospective application in all prior periods presented is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU 2023-09 will have on its annual income tax disclosures in its consolidated financial statements, however it is not expected to have any impact on the Company's results of operations, cash flows, or financial condition.

In November 2024, FASB issued ASU 2024-03, Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income – Expense Disaggregation (Subtopic 220-40), which requires disclosure of specific information about costs and expenses within relevant expense captions on the face of the income statement, qualitative descriptions for expense captions not specifically disaggregated quantitatively, and the total amount and definition of selling expenses for interim and annual reporting periods. This standard is effective for the annual reporting period beginning January 1, 2027, and interim

reporting periods beginning January 1, 2028, and should be applied retrospectively to all comparative periods. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effects of adopting this new accounting guidance.

#### **NOTE 2 – INVENTORIES**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Adjustments are made to standard cost, which approximates actual cost on a first-in, first-out basis. We estimate reductions to inventory for obsolete, slow-moving, excess and non-salable inventory by reviewing current transactions and forecasted product demand. We evaluate our inventories on an item-by-item basis and record inventory adjustments accordingly. If there is a significant decrease in demand for our products, uncertainty during product line transitions, or a higher risk of inventory obsolescence because of rapidly changing technology and customer requirements, we may be required to increase our inventory adjustments and our gross margin could be adversely affected.

Inventories consisted of the following components:

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
(in thousands)		
Raw material	\$2,958	\$3,273
Work-in-process	1,877	1,845
Finished goods	965_	1,094
Inventories	\$5,800	\$6,212

#### NOTE 3- PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment consisted of the following components:

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
(in thousands)		
Leasehold improvements	\$355	\$343
Equipment	4,184	3,777
Sales demonstration equipment	1,077	1,031
	5,616	5,151
Less accumulated depreciation	4,691	4,150
Property and equipment, net	\$925	\$1,001

#### **NOTE 4 – OTHER ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Other accrued liabilities consisted of the following components:

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
(in thousands)		
Lease liability - short term	\$682	\$640
Product warranty	517	350
Sales return reserve	32	32
Other taxes	19	69
Other	90	70
Other accrued liabilities	\$1,340	\$1,161

The changes in our product warranty liability at September 30, 2025 and year ended December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
(in thousands)		
Liability, beginning balance	\$350	\$449
Net expenses	529	901
Warranty claims	(529)	(901)
Accrual revisions	167	(99)
Liability, ending balance	\$517	\$350

#### **NOTE 5 – OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS**

We have commitments under non-cancellable operating leases and other agreements, primarily for factory and office space, with initial or remaining terms of one year or more as of September 30, 2025, are as follows:

		September 30, 2025	
(in thousands)			
2025 (remaining)	\$	196	
2026	•	775	
2027		694	
2028		433	
2029		369	
Thereafter		-	
Total		2,467	
Less imputed interest		(206)	
Total operating lease liabilities		\$2,261	

For the largest lease component, the Company has three facilities with our headquarters and primary engineering and operational functions located in Redmond, Washington. Our two subsidiary facilities in Munich, Germany and Shanghai, China provide extended worldwide sales, service, engineering and operation services. The components of our lease expense for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2025, include facility related operating lease costs of \$185,000 and \$550,000, respectively, and short-term lease costs of \$9,800 and \$29,000, respectively. In the prior year, components of our lease expense for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2024, include facility related operating lease costs of \$214,000 and \$629,000, respectively, and short-term lease costs of \$10,000 and \$9,000, respectively. There were no new operating leases during the nine months ended September 30, 2025.

The Redmond, Washington headquarters facility lease runs to October 31, 2029, at approximately 20,460 square feet. The lease for the facility located in Shanghai, China runs to October 31, 2027, at approximately 19,400 square feet. The lease for the facility located near Munich, Germany runs to August 2027, at approximately 4,895 square feet.

The following table presents supplemental balance sheet information related to leases as of September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024:

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
(in thousands)		
Right-of-use assets (Long-term other assets)	\$2,164	\$2,704
Lease liability-short term (Other accrued liabilities)	\$682	\$640
Lease liability-long term (Operating lease liabilities)	\$1,579	\$2,064

At September 30, 2025, the weighted average remaining lease term is 3.4 years and the weighted average discount rate used is 5%.

#### **NOTE 6 – OTHER COMMITMENTS**

We have purchase obligations for inventory and production costs as well as other obligations such as capital expenditures, service contracts, marketing, and development agreements. Arrangements are considered purchase obligations if a contract specifies all significant terms, including fixed or minimum quantities to be purchased, a pricing structure and approximate timing of the transaction. Most arrangements are cancelable without a significant penalty, and with short notice, typically less than 90 days. As of September 30, 2025, we had confirmed contracts with a commitment of approximately \$554,000 to be paid within one year and \$480,000 to be paid beyond one year.

#### **NOTE 7 – CONTINGENCIES**

As of September 30, 2025, we were not a party to any legal proceedings or aware of any indemnification agreement claims, the adverse outcome of which in management's opinion, individually or in aggregate, would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial position.

#### **NOTE 8 – INCOME TAXES**

Income tax expense for the third quarter of 2025 and 2024 primarily related to foreign and minor state taxes.

The effective tax rate differed from the statutory tax rate primarily due to the effect of valuation allowance, as well as foreign taxes. We have a valuation allowance of \$9.3 million as of September 30, 2025. As of September 30, 2025 and 2024, our deferred tax assets and valuation allowance have been reduced by approximately \$449,000 and \$441,000, respectively. Given the uncertainty created by our loss history, as well as the volatile and uncertain economic outlook for our industry and capital spending, we have limited the recognition of net deferred tax assets including our net operating losses and credit carryforwards and continue to maintain a valuation allowance for the full amount of the net deferred tax asset balance.

#### **NOTE 9 – EARNINGS PER SHARE**

Basic earnings per share is calculated based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated based on these same weighted average shares outstanding plus the effect of potential shares issuable upon assumed exercise of stock options based on the treasury stock method.

Potential shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options are excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share to the extent their effect would be anti-dilutive.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

ember
30,
024
(\$1,911)
9,121
_
9,121
(\$0.21)
(\$0.21)

The weighted average number of shares outstanding used to compute earnings (loss) per share included the following:

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	
Restricted Stock Units	46,217	10,214	67,211	71,265	
Performance Stock Units	17,726	7,312	18,554	9,222	
Stock Options	-	-	_	151	

Options to purchase 200,000 and 34,398 shares were outstanding as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, but were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the periods then ended because the options were anti-dilutive.

#### NOTE 10 - SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

For share-based awards granted, we have recognized compensation expense based on the estimated grant date fair value method. For these awards we have recognized compensation expense using a straight-line amortization method and reduced for estimated forfeitures.

The impact on our results of operations of recording share-based compensation, net of forfeitures, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, were as follows:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	September September		September	September	
	30,	30,	30,	30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
(in thousands)					
Cost of goods sold	\$18	\$26	\$80	\$86	
Research and development	27	69	140	215	
Selling, general and					
administrative	70	209	319	666	
Total share-based compensation	\$115	\$304	\$539	\$967	

Equity awards granted during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Nine Mor	iths Ended
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
Restricted Stock Units Performance Stock	100,000	2,500	196,472	234,150
Units	-	-	-	119,000
Stock Option Units	-	200,000	-	200,000

Employee Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") typically vest annually over three or four years and employee Non-Qualified stock options typically vest quarterly over four years and have a six-year exercise period. Non-employee director RSUs typically vest over the earlier of one year or the next annual meeting of shareholders and Non-Qualified stock options vest over three years and have a six-year exercise period.

Performance Stock Units ("PSUs") typically cliff vest at the end of the performance period and the performance metric for 2023 awards is cumulative revenue growth over the three-year period ending December 31, 2025, with a cumulative revenue threshold, target, and maximum performance measure. For 2024 awards, the performance metrics included revenue growth, EBITDA and project objective targets over the three-year period ending December 31, 2026. There have been no Performance Stock awards granted in 2025.

The remaining unamortized expected future share-based compensation expense and remaining amortization period associated with award grants of RSUs, PSUs and unvested options at September 30, 2025 and 2024 are:

	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
Unamortized future share-based compensation expense (in thousands)	\$1,060	\$2,401
Remaining weighted average amortization period (in years)	2.09	2.24

#### **NOTE 11 – SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Data I/O operates as a single segment entity, with the sole objective to design, manufacture, and sell programming systems. We operate in three separate locations — Redmond, Washington; Shanghai, China; and Munich, Germany — these locations function as part of a single, integrated business and all operations are strategically aligned to support this objective.

The accounting policies of the programming system segment are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. The measure of segment assets is reported on the balance sheet as total consolidated assets.

Our Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") is the President/Chief Executive Officer who reviews the company's financial performance on a consolidated basis without distinguishing between different business lines or geographic areas for the purpose of making operating decisions, allocating resources and evaluating financial performance. Financial performance is assessed using operating results, actual net income vs. plan, balance sheet fluctuations, and other key performance indicators. Significant single segment expense categories that are provided to the CODM and included in the reported segment operating profits are outlined in the following table:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Nine Mon	ths Ended
	September	September	September	September
	30,	30,	30,	30,
(in thousands)	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net sales	\$5,393	\$5,423	\$17,516	\$16,584
Cost of goods sold	2,659	2,499	8,634	7,684
Gross margin	2,734	2,924	8,882	8,900
Operating Expenses:				
Employee expenses	2,250	2,328	6,897	7,075
Customer acquisition costs	327	249	860	955
Professional and outside services	859	483	1,970	1,465
Occupancy costs	239	203	701	581
Depreciation & amortization	137	131	369	418
Other expense (income)	315	(145)	698	157
Total operating expenses	4,127	3,249	11,495	10,651
Operating income (loss)	(\$1,393)	(\$325)	(\$2,613)	(\$1,751)

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

General

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This Act provides a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements to encourage companies to provide prospective information about themselves as long as they identify these statements as forward-looking and provide meaningful cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ from the projected results. All statements other than statements of historical fact made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are forward-looking. In particular, statements herein regarding economic outlook; industry prospects and trends; expected business recovery; industry partnerships; future results of operations or financial position; future spending; expected expenses, breakeven revenue point; expected market decline, bottom or growth; market acceptance of our newly introduced or upgraded products or services; the sufficiency of our cash to fund future operations and capital requirements; development, introduction and shipment of new products or services; changing foreign operations; taxes, trade issues and tariffs; expected inventory levels; expectations for unsupported platform or product versions and related inventory and other charges; supply chain expectations; semiconductor chip shortages and recovery; and any other guidance on future periods are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements reflect management's current expectations and are inherently uncertain. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance, achievements, or other future events. Moreover, neither Data I/O nor anyone else assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these forwardlooking statements. We are under no duty to update any of these forward-looking statements after the date of this Annual Report. The Reader should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. The following discussions and the 2024 Annual Report on Form 10-K section entitled "Risk Factors - Cautionary Factors That May Affect Future Results" describe some, but not all, of the factors that could cause these differences.

#### **OVERVIEW**

Data I/O continued to make progress in key operational areas during the third quarter, despite a challenging global economic environment. The third quarter represents a continuation in proving the growth and market expansion strategies being implemented over the past several months. At the same time, efficiency improvements and streamlining operations resulted in a lower cost basis for manufacturing and overhead. We are focused on improvements to our core programming platform and received several industry awards for our innovative new products.

Our customers' end markets have seen some weakening of demand which has affected sell-through of microcontrollers, security ICs and memory devices, which we believe has been partially offset by customers' increased utilization of their existing systems. The net effect has been some greater need for engineering and maintenance services but also some lumpiness in demand for consumable adapters. Overall demand for capital equipment continued to be negatively impacted by global trade and tariff negotiations throughout most of the third quarter. However, the Company's ongoing supply chain planning and other actions have helped mitigate the impact of new tariffs, trade and inflationary pressures, including shifting material sourcing and product manufacturing.

We continue to grow our pipeline of opportunities beyond the automotive sector including a revitalization of our activities with semiconductor companies and forging strategic product development relationships with leading firms serving the memory and microcontroller sectors. Combined with continued efforts to expand our market reach, we expect to deliver revenue growth through end market diversification and an enhanced consultative sales process.

Significant operational and product progress has been made in a short period of time against a backdrop of significant economic and cross-border trade uncertainty. We remain cautious given the near-term headwinds, as this has created additional strain on the global economy, affected customers' end markets, and stalled capital investments. We remain focused on setting the business up for sustainable growth by driving innovation, enhancing our products and improving our value proposition.

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICY JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires that we make estimates and judgments, which affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to revenue recognition, sales returns, credit losses, inventories, income taxes, warranty obligations, restructuring charges, contingencies such as litigation and contract terms that have multiple elements and other complexities typical in the capital equipment industry. We base our estimates on historical experience and other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

There have been no changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates as compared to the critical accounting policies and estimates discussed in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, which was filed with the SEC on April 1, 2025, as described in *Note 1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* to the condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS:**

#### **NET SALES**

NET SALES							
	Thre	e Months End	led	Nin	e Months End	led	
	September		September	September		September	
	30,		30,	30,		30,	
Net sales by product line	2025	Change	2024	2025	Change	2024	
(in thousands)							
Automated programming							
systems	\$3,431	(14.5%)	\$4,012	\$11,092	(13.6%)	\$12,844	
Non-automated							
programming systems	1,962	39.1%	1,411	6,424	71.8%	3,740	
Total programming systems	\$5,393	(0.6%)	\$5,423	\$17,516	5.6%	\$16,584	
	Three Months Ended		ed	Nin	e Months End	Ionths Ended	
	September		September	September		September	
	30,		30,	30,		30,	
Net sales by location	2025	Change	2024	2025	Change	2024	
(in thousands)							
United States	\$7	(98.2%)	\$388	\$1,047	(12.8%)	\$1,201	
% of total	0.1%		7.2%	6.0%		7.2%	
International	\$5,386	7.0%	\$5,035	\$16,469	7.1%	\$15,383	
% of total	99.9%		92.8%	94.0%		92.8%	
	Thre	ee Months Ende	ed	Nin	e Months End	ed	
	September		September	September		September	
	30,		30,	30,		30,	
Net sales by type	2025	Change	2024	2025	Change	2024	
(in thousands)							
Equipment sales	\$2,774	10.6%	\$2,509	\$9,087	10.4%	\$8,228	
Adapter sales	1,750	(12.7%)	2,005	6,044	6.7%	5,667	
Software and maintenance	869	(4.4%)	909	2,385	(11.3%)	2,689	
Total	\$5,393	(0.6%)	\$5,423	\$17,516	5.6%	\$16,584	

Net sales in the third quarter of 2025 were \$5.4 million, compared with \$5.4 million in the prior year period and \$5.9 million in the second quarter of 2025. Overall demand for capital equipment continued to be negatively impacted by ongoing global trade and tariff negotiations throughout most of the third quarter of 2025. Sales rhythms were also disrupted

somewhat by the ransomware incident experienced by the Company in August; however, management believes this impacted timing rather than volume of sales. Net sales of consumable adapters and services revenue represented 49% of total revenue and provide a stable base of re-occurring revenue.

Total equipment sales in the third quarter of 2025 were 51% of revenues, adapter sales were 32% and software and maintenance revenues were 17% of revenues compared with 46% and 37% and 17% respectively in the third quarter of 2024. For 2025 year to date, equipment sales were 52% of revenues, adapter sales were 35% and software and maintenance revenues were 13% of revenues compared with 2024 year to date sales of 50% and 34% and 16% respectively. On a geographic basis, international sales represented approximately 99% of total net sales for the third quarter of 2025 compared with 93% in the prior year period.

Bookings increased in the latter half of the third quarter as customers had been delaying purchase decisions amid ongoing global trade and tariff concerns and as sales processes disrupted by the ransomware incident resumed. Third quarter 2025 bookings were \$5.1 million, down from \$5.8 million in the second quarter 2025 and up from \$4.7 million in the third quarter 2024. Automotive electronics, a core market vertical in the third quarter of 2025, was 65% of third quarter 2025 bookings.

Backlog at September 30, 2025, was \$2.7 million, down from \$2.8 million at the end of the prior quarter.

Deferred revenue was \$1.4 million on September 30, 2025, up from \$1.3 million on June 30, 2025.

#### **GROSS MARGIN**

	Three Months Ended			Nin	e Months Er	nded
	September		September	September		September
	30,		30,	30,		30,
	2025	Change	2024	2025	Change	2024
(in thousands)					·	
Gross margin	\$2,734	(6.5%)	\$2,924	\$8,882	(0.2%)	\$8,900
Percentage of net sales	50.7%		53.9%	50.7%		53.7%

Gross margin as a percentage of sales in the third quarter of 2025 was 50.7% as compared to 53.9% in the same period last year and 49.8% in the second quarter of 2025. Margins recovered sequentially as the second quarter's lower margin product mix and configuration of automated systems driven by a large customer order passed through the system. Direct material costs remained steady and consistent with prior periods. Ongoing supply chain planning and other actions have been mitigating the impact of new tariffs, trade and inflationary pressures, including shifting material sourcing and product manufacturing.

#### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

	Three Months Ended			Nin	e Months En	ded
	September 30, 2025	Change	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	Change	September 30, 2024
(in thousands)	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change	2024
Research and development Percentage of net sales	\$1,709 31.7%	10.7%	\$1,544 28.5%	\$4,886 27.9%	7.6%	\$4,539 27.4%

Research and development ("R&D") expenses increased in the third quarter of 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The increase is due to transition to new R&D programs, increased investment in the Company's core platform, and the associated changes in project and outside services spending.

#### **SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE**

	Three Months Ended			Nin	e Months Er	nded
	September 30, 2025	Change	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	Change	September 30, 2024
(in thousands) Selling, general &						
administrative Percentage of net	\$2,418	41.8%	\$1,705	\$6,609	8.1%	\$6,112
sales	44.8%		31.4%	37.7%		36.9%

Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") expenses were higher in the third quarter of 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The third quarter spending increase includes higher compensation expenses and leadership and other human resource transition requirements that continued through September 30, 2025. In addition, there were significant expenses associated with the remediation of and recovery from the August ransomware incident. Continued efficiency improvements and cost reduction efforts remain a focus.

#### SHARE BASED COMPENSATION

	Three Months Ended			Nir	ne Months En	ded
(in thousands)	September 30, 2025	Change	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	Change	September 30, 2024
Share-based compensation	\$115	(62.2%)	\$304	\$539	(44.3%)	\$967

Third quarter 2025 shared-based compensation of \$115,000 was \$189,000 lower compared to the prior year period due to staff reductions and retirements since the fourth quarter of 2024.

#### **INTEREST**

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended		
	September		September	September		September
	30,		30,	30,		30,
	2025	Change	2024	2025	Change	2024
(in thousands)						
Interest income	\$34	(52.1%)	\$71	\$107	(52.2%)	\$224

Interest income was lower in the third quarter of 2025 compared to the same period in 2024 due to lower interest rates and invested balances.

#### **INCOME TAXES**

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended		
	September 30, 2025	Change	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	Change	September 30, 2024
(in thousands) Income tax benefit (expense)	_		-	(\$2)	(99.5%)	(\$393)

The effective tax rate differed from the statutory tax rate primarily due to the effect of valuation allowances, as well as foreign taxes. We have a valuation allowance of \$9.3 million as of September 30, 2025. As of September 30, 2025 and 2024, our deferred tax assets and valuation allowance have been reduced by approximately \$449,000 and \$441,000, respectively. Given the uncertainty created by our loss history, as well as the volatile and uncertain economic outlook for our industry and capital spending, we have limited the recognition of net deferred tax assets including our net operating losses and credit carryforwards and continue to maintain a valuation allowance for the full amount of the net deferred tax asset balance.

#### **Financial Condition**

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

	September		December	
	30,		31,	
	2025	Change	2024	
(in thousands)				
Working capital	\$14,422	(\$1,663)	\$16,085	

At September 30, 2025, our principal sources of liquidity consisted of existing cash and cash equivalents. Cash at \$9.7 million decreased \$662,000 from December 31, 2024, primarily due to one-time expenses and investments in the third quarter, partially offset by an otherwise improved cost structure, lower inventory levels, and currency effects on overseas cash balances. Correspondingly, working capital of approximately \$14.4 million on September 30, 2025, was down \$1.6 million as compared to December 31, 2024, and roughly \$1.2 million from quarter ending June 30, 2025. The Company continues to have no debt.

Although we have no significant capital expenditure plans currently, we expect to continue to carefully make and manage expenditures to support the business. Engineering and production tooling, test equipment and sales demonstration products will continue to be purchased as we develop and release new products. Capital expenditures are expected to be funded by existing and internally generated funds.

As a result of our cyclical and seasonal industry, significant product development, customer support and selling and marketing efforts, we have required working capital to fund our operations. We have tried to balance our spending with our anticipated revenue levels and the goal of profitable operations. We have implemented or have on-going initiatives to reduce material and logistic costs, enhance product quality, increase operational and R&D efficiencies and minimize tax expenses.

We believe that we have sufficient cash or working capital available under our operating plan to fund our operations and capital requirements through the next one-year period, and beyond. Our working capital may be used to fund possible losses, business growth, project initiatives, share repurchases and business development initiatives, including acquisitions, which could reduce our liquidity and result in a requirement for additional cash before that time. If the Company determines to pursue significant acquisitions or business development initiatives, the Company may need to raise additional capital. If additional capital is required, the Company will review the amounts and options to raise capital at that time, but future financing would most likely be through debt and equity offerings. Any substantial inability to achieve our current business plan could have a material adverse impact on our financial position, liquidity, or results of operations and may require us to further reduce expenditure and/or seek possible additional financing.

#### **OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

Except as noted in the accompanying consolidated financial statements in Note 5, "Operating Lease Commitments" and Note 6, "Other Commitments", we have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

#### NON-GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP) FINANCIAL MEASURES

Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA") was (\$1,263,000) in the third quarter of 2025 compared to (\$267,000) in the third quarter of 2024. Adjusted EBITDA, excluding share-based compensation (a non-cash item), was (\$1,148,000) in the third quarter of 2025, compared to \$37,000 in the second quarter of 2025 and \$37,000 in the third quarter of 2024.

Non-GAAP financial measures, such as EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA, should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures provide meaningful supplemental information regarding the Company's results and facilitate the comparison of results. A reconciliation of net income to EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA follows:

#### NON-GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP) FINANCIAL MEASURE RECONCILIATION

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
(in thousands)	·			
Net Income (loss)	(\$1,362)	(\$307)	(\$2,486)	(\$1,911)
Interest (income)	(34)	(71)	(107)	(224)
Income tax expense	-	-	2	394
Depreciation and amortization	133	111	369	450
EBITDA	(1,263)	(267)	(2,222)	(1,291)
Share-based compensation	115	304	539	967
Adjusted EBITDA, excluding share-based				
compensation	(\$1,148)	\$37	(\$1,683)	(\$324)

#### <u>Item 3.</u> <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>

Not applicable.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

#### **EVALUATION OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report (the "Evaluation Date"). Disclosure Controls are controls and procedures designed to reasonably assure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure Controls are also designed to reasonably assure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based upon that evaluation, the CEO and CFO concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective due to a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting.

As previously disclosed, management identified a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024. The material weakness related to user access and segregation of duties within certain information technology systems that support the Company's financial reporting process.

Since that time, the Company has implemented a series of remediation actions to strengthen our control environment. These actions include enhancements to system access controls, improved segregation of duties, and expanded monitoring and review procedures. Management believes these actions have substantially addressed the conditions that gave rise to the 2024 issue and have reduced the associated risk of material misstatement.

We are currently in the process of testing the operating effectiveness of the enhanced controls as part of our ongoing internal control assessment activities. Management expects to complete its evaluation as part of the 2025 annual assessment. The Audit Committee and management will continue to monitor the progress and effectiveness of these efforts to ensure the continued improvement of the Company's overall control environment. A material weakness will not be considered remediated, however, until the applicable controls operate for a sufficient period of time and Management concludes, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively.

Notwithstanding the previously identified material weakness, management believes that the Company's consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q present fairly, in all material respects, the Company's financial position and results of operations for the period ended September 30, 2025.

#### **CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROLS**

During the period covered by this report, the Company continued to implement remediation activities related to the material weakness in internal control over financial reporting previously identified as of December 31, 2024. These activities included enhancements to user access controls, segregation of duties, and related monitoring procedures. Other than these ongoing remediation efforts, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. The Company's internal control framework continues to be based on the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013).

#### **PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of our operations in the normal course of business. As of September 30, 2025, we were not a party to any material pending legal proceedings.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results. There are no material changes to the Risk Factors described in our Annual Report except as set forth below.

At Data I/O, our customers and suppliers continue to increase reliance on systems, and as additional features are added, the risks also increase. Any significant disruptions to our global systems or the internet for any reason, which could include equipment or network failures; co-location facility failures; power outages; sabotage; employee error or other actions; cyber incidents or other security breaches; reliance on third party technology; geo-political activity or natural disasters; all of which could have a material negative effect on our results. In August 2025, we were the subject of a targeted cyber incident. Upon discovering the incident, we shut down most of our operating systems globally to manage the safety of our overall global systems environment. This shutdown and any such future events may result in loss of revenue; business disruptions (such as the inability to timely process shipments); and significant remediation costs. This cyber incident, or any future cyber incident could also result in increased vulnerability to attempts of fraud, legal claims and proceedings including potential breach of contract claims, reporting delays or errors; interference with regulatory reporting; an increase in costs to protect our systems and technology; or damage to our reputation.

### <u>Item 2.</u> <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities, Use of Proceeds, and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities</u>

None

#### <u>Item 3.</u> <u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>

None

#### <u>Item 4.</u> <u>Mine Safety Disclosures</u>

Not Applicable

#### <u>Item 5.</u> <u>Other Information</u>

- (a) None
- (b) None
- (c) During the quarterly period ended September 30, 2025, no director or officer adopted or terminated any Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement, and/or any non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (as such terms are defined pursuant to Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K).

#### Item 6. Exhibits

- (a) Exhibits
- 10 Material Contracts:
  - 10.39 Executive Employment Agreement with Charles DiBona (Incorporated by reference to Form 8-K filed on August 12, 2025 as amended on August 14, 2025)
- 31 Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002:
  - 31.1 Chief Executive Officer Certification
  - 31.2 Chief Financial Officer Certification
- 32 Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002:
  - 32.1 Chief Executive Officer Certification
  - 32.2 Chief Financial Officer Certification
- 101 Interactive Data Files Pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DATED: November 12, 2025

#### **DATA I/O CORPORATION**

(REGISTRANT)

#### By: /s/William Wentworth

William Wentworth
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

#### By: /s/Charles DiBona

Charles DiBona Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

#### Exhibit 31.1

#### **CERTIFICATION**

I, William Wentworth, certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Data I/O Corporation;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this quarterly report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

DATED: November 12, 2025

/s/ William Wentworth
William Wentworth
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

#### Exhibit 31.2

#### CERTIFICATION

I, Charles DiBona, certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Data I/O Corporation;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this quarterly report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

DATED: November 12, 2025

/s/ Charles DiBona
Charles DiBona
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

#### Exhibit 32.1

Certification by Chief Executive Officer
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
As Adopted Pursuant to
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Data I/O Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2025 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, William Wentworth, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

#### /s/ William Wentworth

William Wentworth Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) November 12, 2025

#### Exhibit 32.2

Certification by Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Data I/O Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2025 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Charles DiBona, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

#### /s/ Charles DiBona

Charles DiBona Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) November 12, 2025